

Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine Simon Kuznets Kharkiv National University of Economics

REPORT

on the topic:

«Innovative Risk Management in Hotel and Restaurant Business Enterprises: a Scientific and Practical Aspect»

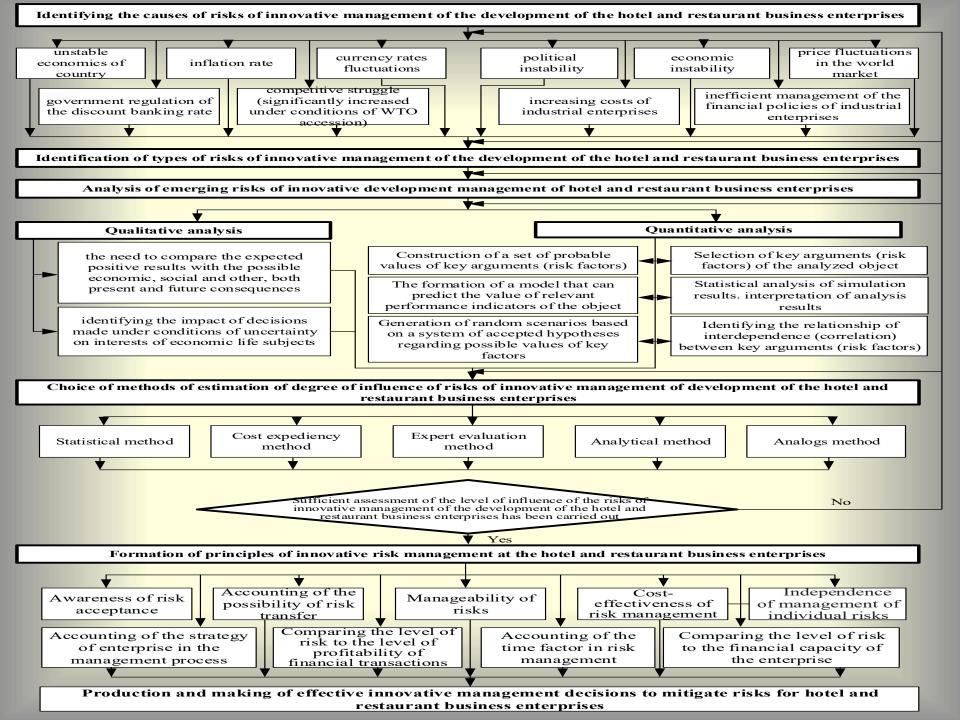
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Comprehensive scientific and practical approach to the assessment of the degree of influence and neutralization of risks of innovative management of the development of the hotel and restaurant business enterprises



Calculation of the least risky hotel and restaurant husiness enterprise by clusters

U	u511	1655	enu	erprise	e by Cit	isters			
Method name and calculation method□									
Laplace · criterion ¶									
$\operatorname{For} \cdot F^{+} \cdot A_{i}^{*} = \max_{i} \left\{ 1 / n \sum_{j=1}^{n} V(A_{i}, S_{j}) \right\}; \cdot \cdot \operatorname{for} \cdot F^{-} \cdot A_{i}^{*} = \min_{i} \left\{ 1 / n \sum_{j=1}^{n} V(A_{i}, S_{j}) \right\} \P$									
Enterprises by alustons			Yea	r ¤	$1/\sum_{j=1}^{n}V(A_{i},S_{i})$		$\max_{i} \{1/nV(A_i, S_j)\} \square$		
Enterprises by clusters¤		2021¤	2022	2023 ¤					
«Savoi» PJSC «Vinnytsia» hotel¤		0,704¤	0,783	a 0,799a	1/3(0,704+0	0,783+0,799)=0,76	52¤	+¤ ¤	
°«Hotel-"Podillia"»-PJSC¤		0,384 ¤	0,435	5a 0,487a	1/3(0,384+0	0,435+0,487)=0,435¤ ¤		n n	
°«Hotel-"Prem`ier-Palats"»-PJSC		0,327 ¤	0,298	3¤ 0,303¤	1/3(0,327+0	0,298+0,303)=0,30	9 ¤	m m	
$ \begin{aligned} & \textbf{Hurwitz-criterion} \P \\ & \text{for} \cdot F^{+} \cdot A_{i}^{*} = \max_{i} \left\{ \alpha \max_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} + (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\}; \\ & \text{for} \cdot F^{-} \cdot A_{i}^{*} = \max_{i} \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \max_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} + \alpha \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \max_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \max_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \max_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & \text{for} \cdot \left\{ (1 - \alpha) \min_{j} \left\{ V\left(A_{i}, S_{j}\right) \right\} \right\} \\ & fo$									
Enterprises by clusters		2021¤	Yea 2022		$1/\sum_{j=1}^{n}V(A_{i},S_{i})$		$\max_{i} \{1/nV(A_i, S_j)\} \square$		
«Savoi» PJSC «Vinnytsia» hotel¤		0,704¤	0,783	a 0,799a	0,6.0,799	0,6·0,799+0,4·0,704=0,548¤		+¤ #	
°«Hotel "Podillia"» PJSC¤		0,384¤	0,435	ia 0,487a	0,6.0,487	0,6·0,487+0,4·0,384=0,446¤		n n	
«Hotel "Prem`ier Palats"» PJSC¤		0,327 ¤	0,298	0,303¤	0,6·0,327+0,4·0,298=0,315¤		ı	Ω p	
Sevid's criterion \P (construction of risk matrix) \P for $F^+ \cdot R_{ij}^* = \max_i \{V(A_i, S_j)\} - V(A_i, S_j)$; for $F^- \cdot R_{ij}^* = V(A_i S_j) - \min_i \{V(A_i, S_j)\}$. $A_i^* = \min_i \max_j \{R_{ij}\} \P$									
Enterprises-by-clusters¤	Year			Risk-matrix		2000	$\max_{j}\{R_{ij}\}$ \square	min _i	
	2021¤	2022¤	2023¤	2021¤	2022¤	2023¤		$\max_{j}\{R_{ij}\}\square$	
«Savoi»·PJSC·«Vinnytsia»·hotel¤	0,704¤	0,783 ¤	0,799 ¤	0,704- 0,704=0¤	0,783- 0,783=0¤	0,799-0,799=0¤	0 ¤	+¤	
«Hotel-"Podillia"»-PJSC¤	0 384¤	0 435g	0 487¤	0,704- 0 384=0 32g	0,783- 0.435=0.348¤	0,799- 0.487=0.312g	0,348¤	¤	

0,384=0,32

0,704-

0,371=0,377¤

0,435=0,348

0,783-

0,298=0,485

0,487=0,312

0,799-

0,303=0,496

0,384¤

0.327¤

«Hotel·"Prem'ier Palats"» PJSCa

0,435¤

0.298¤

0,487¤

0.303¤

0,498

The mechanism of improvement of the system of innovative risk management at the hotel and restaurant business enterprises

System of internal risk management mechanisms of hotel and restaurant business enterprises and their characteristics This direction of risk mitigation is the most radical. It is to develop such internal Risk avoidance measures that completely eliminate a specific type of risk The mechanism of limiting the concentration of risks is usually used for those types Risk that go beyond the permissible level, that is, for economic operations carried out in the concentration area of critical or catastrophic risk. Such limitation is realized by setting appropriate limitation internal standards at the enterprise in the process of carrying out various aspects of economic activity Hedging risks by conducting related derivative transactions is a highly effective mechanism for reducing the potential financial loss when a risk event occurs. However, it does require some cost to broker fees, options premiums, etc. However, the level of Hedging these costs is much lower than the level of costs for external risk insurance. Various forms of risk hedging have become widespread in the practice of domestic risk management Diversification mechanism is first of all used to mitigate negative financial Diversification consenquences of non-systematic (specific) types of risks. At the first place it allows to minimize portfolio risks The mechanism of this direction of financial risk mitigation is based on its partial transfer (passing) to partners in specific business operations. Herewith, business Risk sharing partners get the part of risks, which they have more abilities to to mitigate their negative consenquences and have more effective ways of internal insurance protection Mechanism of this direction of financial risk mitigation is based on reserving a part of financial resources by an enterprise, which allows overcome negative financial Self-insurance consenquences of those business operations, by which those risks are not connected to counterparty actions Provision of additional level of risk premium for economic operational activities of Other method of obtaining certain guarantees, reduction of the list of force majeure circumstances, neutralization of ensuring compensation of possible losses for risks due to the planned system of internal risks penalties Improving the system of innovative risk management of hotel and restaurant business enterprises Integrate risk assessment Implement effective analytical Improve risk measurement into strategic and and early warning techniques and monitoring operational processes As the risk management process Preparing risk reports will Identifying risks at the business becomes an integral part of operational allow knowledge to be process level leads to more management, managers become more exchanged on various aspects informed, innovative management prudent when making innovative of the innovative management decisions management decisions system



The neutralization of risks in innovative management of the development of hotel and restaurant enterprises should be carried out in compliance with a set of specific criteria and principles

Adequacy Information reliability Effectiveness of risk neutralization

Conclusions

The existing methods for assessing the impact of risk on the activities of hotel and restaurant enterprises are aimed at the comprehensive implementation of the following measures: identification of possible solutions to the problem; determination of the potential consequences of the application of the decision; integral risk assessment, which includes quantitative and qualitative aspects. At the same time, there is a general tendency to assess risk in two areas: the level of risk and the risk of time.

When assessing the level of risk of hotel and restaurant enterprises by any method, the initial parameter is the variability of the consequences of a particular decision. Assessment of the level of risk is presented in the form of the ratio of the scale of expected losses to the volume of the company's property, as well as the probability of these losses. Effective and rational use of risk assessment methods allows to ensure the stability of development of hotel and restaurant enterprises, to increase the validity of innovative management decisions in risky situations, to improve the financial condition as a result of all types of their activities.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

