

## THE SCHEDULING CHALLENGE IN HETEROGENEOUS ENVIRONMENTS

#### Heterogeneity

- Compute: CPU / GPU , on-prem HPC, and multi-cloud regions
- Storage tiers: object / block / file / archival (latency & cost vary by tier)
- Networks: intra-/inter-region latency, variable bandwidth, egress policies

### Uncertainty

- Incomplete/late/incorrect metadata (queue time, throughput, spot prices)
- Prediction error (runtime, preemption risk, network congestion)
- Telemetry lag & drift (sampling intervals, stale registries)

### **Objective Tension**

- **Performance:** throughput & tail latency
- Economics: cost per job, budget caps, spot volatility
- Sustainability: energy use & carbon intensity
- Equity: fair share across tenants



# ACADEMIC FREEDOM & DIGITAL INCLUSION

#### Why this matters

- Academic freedom: researchers must pursue inquiry without gatekeeping by compute access or vendor lock-in.
- Inclusion: equitable access to GPUs/CPUs and storage so under-resourced groups aren't sidelined.
- **Risk if ignored:** compute monopolies, pay-to-play science, biased results due to skewed access to scale.

### What the scheduler can guarantee

- Fair-share policies: minimum resource share per cohort/tenant; anti-starvation bounds.
- Transparent decisions: auditable logs + "why this job, why now" explanations.
- Accessibility knobs: budget-aware placement, data-locality compliance (e.g., EU-only), low-bandwidth paths.
- Resilience to power asymmetries: quotas, rate limits, and caps to prevent dominance by a single lab



## RESEARCH GOAL & CONTRIBUTIONS

Design and evaluate an uncertainty-aware, multi-objective scheduler for heterogeneous distributed systems that guarantees fairness and transparency while balancing performance, cost, and energy.

### Method (at a glance)

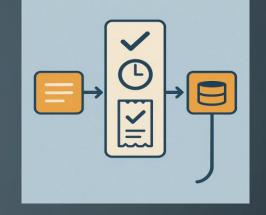
- Inputs: job DAGs, resource catalog, historical traces, budgets/SLAs, data-locality rules;
- Modeling: predictors for runtime/queue/network with confidence intervals;
- Optimizer: multi-objective (throughput, latency, cost), constraint handling for compliance (e.g., EU-only);
- Outputs: placement plan + confidence bands + human-readable decision receipt ("why this job, why now")

# RESEARCH GOAL & CONTRIBUTIONS

### **Expected Key Contributions**

- Uncertainty-aware estimation: runtime/queue/network predictors.
- Multi-objective optimization: explicit trade-offs among performance, cost, energy, and equity.
- Fairness guarantees: min-share quotas, max-wait bounds, budget-aware throttling; protection for under-resourced cohorts.
- Transparency & auditability: per-decision explanations, reproducible seeds, and queryable logs for governance.
- Robustness to bad/missing metadata: imputation, drift detection, and fallback heuristics under severe uncertainty.
- Policy/Compliance layer: data-locality rules, rate-limits against dominance/abuse.

# FAIRNESS & TRANSPARENCY BY DESIGN



### What we guarantee (policy layer)

- Minimum-share quotas: each cohort receives≥ ρ of compute over a sliding window WWW.
- Max-wait bounds: P95 queue time per cohort ≤ LLL (anti-starvation).
- Budget-aware fairness: respect per-tenant caps; graceful throttling vs. hard cutoffs.
- Compliance guards: data-locality (e.g., EU-only), export-control, carbon-aware placement.

### How we measure (fairness & access)

- Jain's index (resource share across cohorts)  $\rightarrow$  target  $\geq 0.85$ .
- Access share (% of GPU hours to protected/under-resourced cohorts).
- Tail latency within policy bounds.
- Gini coefficient on compute allocation (lower is better).
- **SLO** attainment per cohort (service parity).

## FROM PRINCIPLES TO PRACTICE: HOW WE GOVERN THE SCHEDULER

#### Governance: who decides & how

- Policy charter: scope, objectives, metrics (fairness, access), review cadence (e.g., monthly).
- Oversight roles: Product (SLOs), Research (fairness), Security (risk & access), FinOps (budget).
- Change management: versioned policies, RFC  $\rightarrow$  review  $\rightarrow$  staged rollout  $\rightarrow$  post-mortem; emergency rollback path.

### Ethics: what we optimize & protect

- Fairness commitments: min-share quotas, max-wait P95 bounds, anti-starvation.
- **Transparency:** per-decision "receipt" (inputs, constraints met, why-now, what-if).
- **Grievance & appeal:** ticket path for cohorts; SLA to investigate & remediate.
- **Abuse resistance:** Sybil/identity binding, rate limits, credit exhaustion rules.

#### Compliance: what must never break

- Data locality & sovereignty: region pinning (e.g., EU-only workloads), cross-border controls.
- Privacy & DPIA: data-minimization in telemetry, retention limits.
- Security controls: encryption in transit/at rest (KMS/HSM),
  RBAC/ABAC, key rotation, secrets hygiene.
- Regulatory & contractual: export-control filters, IRB/ethics for sensitive datasets, license obligations.

#### **Operational assurance**

- Audits & logging: signed logs, reproducible seeds, policy version tag, model hash.
- Risk mgmt: register with likelihood/impact, owners, mitigations, review dates.
- Monitoring KPIs: Jain's index, SLO attainment, % policycompliant placements.
- Red-teaming: bias probes, gaming attempts (job splitting, burst floods), locality evasion tests.

### **CONCLUSIONS & NEXT STEPS**

• We built an uncertainty-aware, multi-objective scheduler with fairness and transparency built in.

• Results indicate we can improve equitable access while staying close to performance and cost targets.

• Next steps: run a small pilot, publish reproducible artifacts, and formalize lightweight governance.

Roadmap: expand regions/accelerators, and expose a simple "why this decision" view.



# THANK YOU!

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